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Approval and Sign Off Directors		3 February 2020	



Foreword and Vision

The two primary objectives of effective asset management are fundamental in enabling the Council to innovate to thrive:

- to provide suitable accommodation for Council services so that they can excel in their corporate plan objectives;
- to generate income and savings through effective property management and investment.

The framework of this asset management strategy sets the structure for managing our property portfolio effectively over the next 5 years. It will guide our future strategic property decisions to make sure we manage our property portfolio sustainably and efficiently, so that it can remain fit for the future and support frontline delivery. It will support asset-led transformation and innovation, giving clear direction and instruction to service areas in respect of how our assets and estate can help them achieve and exceed their objectives.

Mark Barrow,

Executive Director of Place

Land and property remain critically important for Shropshire Council and a robust forward-thinking strategy is essential in achieving many of its future objectives and aspirations. This includes delivering a new operating model where staff work are digitally enabled to work in a mobile and agile way undertaking their work activities in places and venues that are connected to core systems and accessible anytime, anywhere.

The Council has many major capital initiatives which involve shrewd and effective asset management. These are essential to ensure the economic development and appropriate place shaping happen across the county.

The generation of income and rationalisation of the estate will deliver appropriate financial management to support front line services and deliver the necessary savings for the future.

Cllr. Steve Charmley,

Portfolio Holder for Assets, Economic Growth and Regeneration



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Introduction

Second only to the workforce, property is the Council's most valuable asset in respect of financial value, as well as being essential for effective service delivery. A clear asset management strategy is essential to enable property decisions to be made in the best interests of those that we serve – the people and communities of Shropshire. These property decisions need to be transparent, and subject to robust challenge. They need to be consistent, and reflect the flexibility that individual services require. They need to be effective at both operational and strategic level. The Asset Management Strategy provides a framework that sets out how and why these property decisions will be made, and how we lead and co-ordinate a process that involves service areas, portfolio holders, members, local businesses and the community. All of this is in a context of statutory compliance, best practice, sustainability, and innovation.

Building on the Asset Management Strategy 2014-2018, this new strategy sees the incorporation of a categorisation process to define portfolios. Every Council property will be determined – through a clear process of assessment – as either:-

Operational – Efficient, suitable and fit for purpose accommodation for the future delivery of public services.

Heritage – Community infrastructure for the future, the Council as custodian, manages and invests in these assets for future generations.

Development and regeneration – Appropriate intervention and enablement to deliver economic growth.

Investment – In support of the Council's Commercial Strategy and the council's capital strategy maximising income generating opportunities through appropriate and effective property investment.

Disposal – to divest, reduce revenue burden and fuel the Council's capital programme.

These portfolios create the baseline and provides a clear path of related activities to ensure that resource is targeted, and outputs are maximised. The categories will be covered in detail in Section 8 and 9.

This strategy reflects the digital transformation that Shropshire Council is incorporating into all its activities. All property data is now held on the cloud-based Technology Forge. Lease, occupancy, suitability, condition, energy, and maintenance data can be shared with colleagues and service users; monitored and managed effectively and efficiently.

It also responds to the workforce transformation programme, which seeks to empower staff to work in smarter and more flexible ways. In certain instances, this significantly changes the way the workforce utilises assets and how the public access services.

Commercial Driver for Success

Shropshire Council, like almost all local authorities, is looking to increase the contribution that commercial activity can make to minimise the impact of funding cuts. The Council proposes to invest in property and assets, which will generate an income, either through capital receipt, new revenue streams, or savings. The Council also wishes to look at new and innovate external investment models to fund development/investment projects. The Asset Management Strategy underpins this process and ensures that all assets are considered corporately and commercially.

The strategy also supports other property related initiatives including the launch of the Council's new housing company, Cornovii Developments Limited.

The Investment Portfolio

This portfolio will comprises of assets which are being held by Shropshire Council solely for the purposes of income generation and/or future development from which it may derive a return. Other investment/development will support the Council's capital investment programme to modernise / improve its service delivery. Key objectives:-

- Increase and optimise income.
- Mitigate holding cost.
- Enforce the terms of the tenancy arrangement in accordance with the lease.
- Maintain & improve overall property holding and value position.
- Balance a resilient income producing portfolio within an acceptable. risk profile.
- Optimise capital value and development return within risk parameters.

These assets include commercially tenanted assets, operational assets where part is let out at market value, or operational assets which have been repurposed to support innovative service with secondary commercial drivers.



This will involve land and property acquisition, development of existing assets In conjunction with the Commercial Strategy, the Asset Management Strategy will drive asset led transformation, including investment in our existing estate and in new property projects which derive a return or saving.

This will result in a commercial portfolio, comprising of assets which are being held by Shropshire Council for the purposes of income generation and/or future development from which it may derive a return.

Investment/development will support the Council's capital investment programme to modernise / improve its service delivery.

Key objectives for property investment will be to:-

- Increase and optimise income for the council.
- Support economic growth and regeneration in the county to increase jobs and skills in sectors set out in the economic growth strategy.
- Support the delivery of education, public health and care services in Shropshire towns and communities.
- Support innovative and integrated ways of delivering public services in Shropshire's town and communities.
- Providing teaching and living accommodation for post 16 students.
- Mitigate holding cost in poorly utilised buildings.
- Enforce the terms of the tenancy arrangement in accordance with the lease.
- Maintain & improve overall property holding and value position.
- Balance a resilient income producing portfolio within an acceptable risk profile.
- Optimise capital value and development return within risk parameters.

These assets include commercially tenanted assets, operational assets where part is let out at market value, or operational assets which have been repurposed to support innovate service with secondary commercial drivers.

Organisational Plan and Policy Drivers – Cognisance and Coordination

The Asset Management Plan responds to, informs, and works with, the following:

Shropshire Council Corporate Plan 2019/20 to 2020/22

Our vision: Innovate to thrive

Our 6 Priorities are:

- More people with a suitable home.
- Care for those in need at any age.
- A good place to do business.
- A healthy environment
- Sustainable places and communities.
- Embrace our rurality.

The Asset Management Strategy will support the Council in implementing a place based approach, by optimising physical assets, working with our partners to deliver services where the greatest number of people can access them.

Capital Strategy 2020/21 to 2024/25

The Capital Strategy 2020/21 to 2024/25 sets out the importance of effective strategic asset management planning processes and their relationship to commercial activity and investment property decision making. Whilst the existing governance processes for managing assets are set out; it is important to note that as the new 5 year Corporate Asset Management Delivery Plan emerges, it will need to be consulted upon and aligned with both the financial planning review timeline, and the Commercial Strategy timeline, and reported to Cabinet in tandem.

Housing Strategy/Housing Dev Co.

The engagement with the Council's housing development company remains a key driver for the next five years. The company will establish new sites and a pipeline of opportunities exists across the Council's existing estate. This strategy will endorse an approach to bring forward sites for consideration together with generating appropriate capital receipts through the effective disposal to the company.

Economic Growth Strategy

Enablement and delivery of the economic growth strategy has and continues to be one of the Council's highest priorities, whether continuing to invest in successful infrastructure (business parks or industrial estates) or enabling future investment so the Council can to take a key role leading in place shaping.

Local Development Plan & Place Plans

Delivering local property related infrastructure to support local led service delivery is key in interpreting local resilience and capacity to shapes localities and deliver local needs. This strategy endorses and supports an approach which improves and delivers local change where the Council holds community property. Place plans have been recently refreshed and identified local infrastructure requirements. These have been developed in consultation with Town and Parish Councils.

Commercial Strategy

The Commercial Strategy 2017-2021 sets out the strategic objectives for commercial activity across the Council, the framework for their delivery and the key performance indicators for measuring success. A number of the targets relate specifically to property investment and are under continuous review. The Asset Management Strategy provides the foundations for these aspects and ensures appropriate alignment with the Commercial Strategy and Capital Strategy given their interdependence. The Commercial Strategy is being updated for 2020 to 2023 which reflects the Council's new corporate vision and plan. The strategy is now more closely aligned with the asset management strategy but also aligning to the economic growth strategy, the digital strategy and the workforce strategy.

Climate Change/Carbon Emission Reduction Strategy

On 19th December 2019, Shropshire Council approved a Climate Change Strategy Framework which identifies the risks posed by the current climate crisis to Shropshire and to the Council specifically, our current carbon footprint and the initiatives which are already being planned and implemented in response. The document also identifies a set of clear objectives and principles to guide future corporate actions and a description of the process and programme through which the Council will take its response to the Climate Emergency forward through the development of a Climate Emergency Strategy in Spring 2020. Shropshire Council will use its experience to work with others and provide community leadership to help reduce Shropshire's overall carbon footprint. Once adopted, the Strategy will be implemented through a 'live' Action Plan which will prioritise the investments and interventions which will prove most effective in reducing Shropshire Council's carbon footprint and building our resilience to the climate crisis.

Strategic Partnerships/OPE/Central Government Estates' Strategies

Central to this strategy are the principles of a One Public Estate. This strategy commits the Council wherever possible to engage with partners with a view to exploring co-location options and the potential for sharing accommodation. As well as efficiencies this commitment has secondary benefits such as income generation through renting surplus space to partners, the ability to free up complete sites or buildings for alternative use such as housing and also the ability for staff from different parts of the public sector to work, share and learn together to improve front line services for residents and customers.

Heritage and Cultural Strategy

The heritage estate, owned and managed by Shropshire Council, can be defined as the buildings, monuments, sites or places that have historic significance sufficient to merit consideration in planning and other statutory decision-making processes. Due to their condition, limitations and viability of potential and permissible uses, many heritage assets cannot be self-sustaining. Consequently, they must be managed as effectively as possible to reduce subsidy and therefore financial pressure on the Council, whilst retaining heritage merit and community value.

Corporate Workforce Strategy

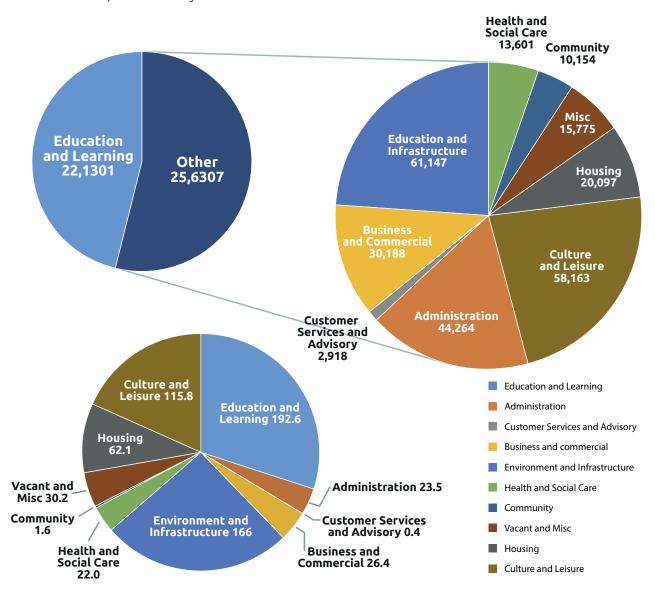
The strategy enables change and promotes agile and mobile and flexible working where appropriate and effective for the workforce. Asset led transformation delivers workplaces which can respond to the changing workplace environment and sets the future conditions. The rationalisation of the administration accommodation can help drive change and reduce significantly the reliance on traditional workspace and hence assist in reducing property related costs.



Portfolio Overview

The Assets and Estates team manage a portfolio of assets worth approximately £640M, with a total GIA of 447,000 m2. Current income from the investment estate generates £5.86M per annum. The majority of the portfolio is essential to directly delivering Shropshire Council services. The remainder is income generating; generating income to support Council services, as well as contributing to economic growth and commercial objectives.

The first chart shows GIA (m2) by service area. Just over half of the Council's property portfolio in terms of area sits in learning and skills. Using the same colour key, the second chart shows value (£M) of properties. The three service areas with the highest value portfolios are learning and skills, environment and infrastructure, followed by culture and leisure.



The Shape and Composition of the Estate

The Council owns and manages a diverse estate which reflects its agricultural and rural heritage together with its historical transition to unitary status in 2009. It remains a mixed portfolio spanning a number of different property types and land holdings. The diversity can be seen through the different property holdings ranging from administrative office buildings, operational buildings situated in the community (such as schools and libraries), more complex operational sites such as car parks, waste transfer sites and depots, custodian heritage assets, historic listed buildings and monuments to income producing assets such as business parks and buildings let to tenants providing more community-based services. They are held on a mixture of tenures, freehold, leasehold and licences. Increasingly as the Council has embraced new place shaping models and strategies, it is continuously reviewing its previous focus on commissioning and how it utilises assets through a range of contracting and grant agreements in the delivery of services.

The Council is a Local Education Authority where it has a reducing number of Council maintained schools where repair and maintenance are devolved to the schools themselves. Shropshire Council acts as custodian and holds a number of lease arrangements following statutory transfers to academies, foundation trusts and diocesan bodies. The Council continues to experience significant demand for school places for the Council and will see the development of a more significant capital programme to ensure sufficiency across the county whilst working with multi academy trusts to meets its statutory duties. The Council continues to commit to the development of further and higher education and plays a key role in its relationships and partnerships with its local universities and college groups. It provides through the deployment of a number of key assets the property infrastructure for the University of Chester including its main campus building and student accommodation. This strategy recognises the diversity and seeks to exploit the opportunities this provides for innovative asset management.

Diversity in delivery: The delivery of the corporate landlord model through the implementation of the previous strategy has enabled the coordination and consolidation of the management of the estate bringing together and removing disparate property management. This provides the opportunity, through effective coordination and collaboration internally and externally, to achieve the right balance of assets to support the Council's future core business objectives.

There has been a shift in traditional UK property markets from commercial and retail to more residential. Shropshire's rural status and location being in a commuter belt for larger conurbations such as Birmingham, Liverpool and Manchester shapes the economic development drivers to encourage business and growth in the area. The local property market in Shropshire remains stable with steady growth, the Council continues to support through economic growth initiatives including investment in infrastructure and the release of surplus properties where appropriate for disposal.

Estate – Key National and Local Policy drivers 2020-2025

The Hackitt Review – the tragic events at Grenfell have led to direct changes in legislation and the operational property policies and strategies. This strategy places a renewed emphasis on the property management area, as set out in the Assessment and Property Management sections.

The Climate Emergency – There is scientific consensus that human activity has already caused approximately 1.0°C of global heating above pre-industrial levels. However, global temperatures are likely to rise to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels between 2030 and 2052 if the current rate of change continues. The actual impacts of the climate crisis are very real now. Although perhaps not formally recognised, financial costs from flash flooding, water damage, surface water drainage and road maintenance costs already represent a significant financial risk to Council budgets and the wider Shropshire community and economy. These direct physical impacts are supplemented by exacerbated unmanaged costs such as travel costs, health and wellbeing and staff productivity. Further changes to the climate are inevitable, and the frequency of extreme weather is likely to increase. This means that the Council's physical assets and staff base will require investment to allow its services to adapt and become more resilient in the face these changes. Current evidence suggests that around 80% of the Council's direct carbon footprint derives from the performance of its buildings. The return on investment designed to improve our carbon performance needs to be evaluated in the context of the projected financial risks and costs of the climate emergency measures to reduce Shropshire Council's carbon footprint. Service delivery will adpat to address the impacts of extreme weather events to significantly reduce financial risk and generate very real savings to the public finances as well as delivering on our corporate responsibilities to the environment and our communities. Placing the initial focus on our corporate performance will also allow the Council to 'lead by example', using its direct and indirect influence to foster positive changes by other public and private sector organisations, communities and individual residents in Shropshire.

The Public Sector Building Condition Challenge – There is a significant variance in condition across the estate, and the portfolios hold buildings from newly built assets to some which are several hundred years old and subject to heritage preservation. The importance of accurate property data and compliance is paramount across the next year five year period, fire safety and condition data show that large proportions of that the Estate have suffered in terms of its condition. This is reflective of the national picture where public sector resources have reduced and has meant whilst there has been a focus on the fundamental of basic statutory compliance and health and safety compliance, there has been challenges on the general condition. This remains a significant challenge and this asset management strategy recognises its importance and seeks to deliver change to improve the situation. The importance of capital investment is recognised alongside the importance of improved intelligence and data to release poor performing assets and focus on the essential operational assets. The review process now being undertaken in terms of the new portfolio approach will lead to strategic realignment and address this issue strategically.

Overall objectives of the strategy

Our aim is to develop a property portfolio that:

Treats all assets strategically and corporately	 Ensure assets are managed strategically and in line with our corporate objectives Understand the purpose of each asset Rationalise and resize our estate
Demonstrates value for money and fitness for purpose	 Performance monitoring, based on qualitative and quantitative property data that generates accurate asset RAG ratings; enabling innovative property decisions Suitability assessments Challenge levels of occupation and utilisation
Enables dynamic and effective service delivery	 A clear methodology of how to identify, measure and manage service objectives that are influenced by/can influence property decisions Effective facilities management (FM)
Maximises opportunities of working with the wider public estate and partners to support new models of service delivery	 Avoid duplication, enabling strategic planning, economies of scale Consolidated estate management Support innovative new models of joint working Lead the public sector through the One Public Estate programme - clear governance which enables collaboration and collective decision making Secure funding
Generates and diversifies revenue streams	 Ensure non-operational assets produce a satisfactory level of return. Performance benchmarking
Reduces our carbon footprint and promotes sustainable asset management	 Ensure assets are sustainable in design, construction, maintenance and operation Identify opportunities to invest in innovative technologies Effective facilities management (FM)

Planned and preventative maintenance

Sustainability

Performance management

Generates Disposals policy receipts to Reconciliation back to property portfolios support our Appraise opportunities to uplift the value of capital assets in order to maximise receipt programme Reduces Reduce running costs through energy revenue impacts management, asset review and suitability assessments • Effective financial management and monitoring: cost, value, income • Effective facilities management (FM) **Empowers** • Use and develop assets in a way that stimulates communities activity and encourages the vitality of the area to thrive • Community Asset Transfer (CAT) – release assets into community ownership • Protect and promote community infrastructure Community Right to Bid (CR2B) - Place making • Sympathetic management of heritage assets To recognise the • The role of the council is its ownership of community and heritage assets, and the importance of the Council's importance of supporting regeneration projects which were not commercially viable but have a role as custodian positive impact for local communities or supported environmental issues. Takes advantage Develop a long term strategic vision and of our unique appropriate master planning to support the vision. place in the • Use and develop assets in a way that stimulates market. to activity and encourages the vitality of the area. stimulate Housing to address unmet need in the county economic Utilising excellent partnership working and key growth through relationships, developed by the Council, to planned provide agility in delivering investment initiatives intervention. and working arrangements with partners to support economic priorities.

• Focus on strategic growth corridors in bringing forward investment and development.

Corporate and Service Delivery Plans

Corporate Asset Management Delivery Plan – 5 year Plan

The plan and delivery framework to enable the delivery of the strategy which sets out the detailed operational measures to deliver the objectives.

This is informed by and captures the key drivers of the Service Asset Management Plans whilst ensuring they are compatible, consistent and deliverable. This is a meaningful plan which remains a live and dynamic document responding to the performance of the Council in meeting its key targets set in the strategy.

Service Asset Management Plans

Service Asset Management Plans (SAMPs) are fundamental to the success of this strategy. To be effective they rely upon the senior managers of the services in those buildings to be really clear about their service operating model and how accommodation can be used most efficient and effectively. They forge the link and ensure collaboration between the key drivers of service delivery and the asset led transformation engendered through the Corporate Landlord model. The following areas will be targeted to support the strategies objectives. The strategy sets the need to review and challenge as appropriate:

- Service area short, medium and long term vision and objectives.
- Property condition.
- Property suitability.
- Current and confirmed capital projects.
- Planned maintenance programme.
- Reactive maintenance incidents and response times.
- Running costs including energy usage.
- Income.
- Property title.
- Opportunities to co locate with internal and external partners.
- Carbon performance and climate change resilience.



Portfolio Categorisation

In order to make suitable and effective property decisions in respect of each asset, the asset base has been categorised into the following portfolios/categories.

Category	Definition	Performance Assessment Considerations
Operational	 Place shaping Workforce transformation Service delivery/ rationalisation Performance improvement 	 Efficient and effective use Minimising cost of occupation Improved utilisation Maximising building energy efficiency and resilience in the face of more extreme weather
Heritage and community value assets	Release & stewardshipProtected & supportedPotential New Ownership Models	Must be protected because of historic, heritage valueSocial value assessment
Development & regeneration	Housing companyBusiness growth interventionsAsset Management	 Where potential alternative value exceed existing use Delivery of alternative uses through effective planning consultancy
Investment	Enhanced capital return and/or revenue generating	Rate of returnEnhanced capital valueImprovement in building performance
Disposal	Fuel for capital programme	Surplus land and buildings, that do not fit into any of the categories above

Portfolio Assessment

Assessment methods vary according to category. Assessment is designed to be structured, but be flexible and bespoke depending on the service requirements and/or any changing or emerging corporate objectives.

Category	Assessment criteria and considerations	Outcomes
Operational	 Running costs Condition Suitability Title Development opportunities Council policy Service vision/objectives 	 Consolidate Invest and improve Make service adjustments (i.e. rehouse, col-locate) Reallocate to other category
Heritage and community value assets	 Sensitivity analysis Specialist surveys Conservation and maintenance plans Interpretation Community Infrastructure mapping Stabilisation programmes Commercial opportunities Divest 	 New ownership models Investment plans Targeted funding bids
Development & regeneration	 Master planning and place shapping Business activity and promotion Land and property appraisal Economic Development 	Investment modellingIncreased ValueDelivery partnershipsRelease to private sector
Investment	 Income projections being met Rate of return or yield stable, increasing or under performing Acceptable level of risk Balanced portfolio Short term or longer term investments Contribution to wider strategic programmes and objectives 	 Further targeted investment or development New financial investment models Review management processes and improve performance monitoring
Disposal	Property reviewBalance of investment and disposalService based rationalisation	 Fund non-income generating Council investment Support the capital programme

Delivering Property Related Services and the Corporate Landlord

Diversity in delivery: The delivery of the corporate landlord model through the implementation of the previous strategy has enabled the coordination and consolidation of the management of the estate bringing together and removing disparate property management. It provides the opportunity, through effective coordination and collaboration internally and externally, to achieve the right balance of assets to support the Council's future core business objectives.

The operation of the model involves the central management of both the assets and the allocated support resources. The Council as stated in its Constitution owns all property assets centrally and all decisions relating to their acquisition, holding and disposal are governed within financial limits with delegation to senior management up to a set value after which decisions taken by Cabinet or Council again depending on the value. The Portfolio Holder Portfolio Holder for Assets, Economic Growth and Regeneration acts as custodian and steward for the estate and endorses the strategic and operation plans which ensures its appropriate management.

Estate Management and Property Services – This strategy recognises the importance of 'inbuilt intelligence' through its retention of key property related services areas. This retains knowledge and expertise at the heart of delivery and reduces an overburden or reliance on external contracting. This strategy endorses the continuation of effective coordinated internal property related services whilst drawing in private sector acumen and support when needed to drive innovation/change and major asset related project delivery.

Criticality of Baseline Data

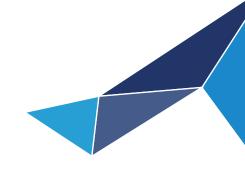
The strategy endorses the criticality of Baseline Data

Essential to the proper assessment, review and challenge of the property portfolio, is accurate baseline data. This is achieved through the following:

- Every building that the Council has an interest in is-recorded on Technology Forge (TF), a cloud-based property information database.
- Energy data for each individual corporate property is recorded and monitored.
- All repair and maintenance works undertaken at a property are logged on the property's TF record.
- Assessment of current energy performance and climate resilience risk assessment.
- Service Asset Management Plan meetings will be held at least once every 6 months with all services in the Corporate Landlord model.
- Corporate landlord building review meetings held quarterly to ensure that all public buildings owned by the Council are compliant with statutory requirements including health & safety, Disability Discrimination Act regulations, fire safety regulations, legionella and radon regulations etc.

There are a number of actions that will be progressed and completed in the life cycle of this asset management strategy:

- Every building will have a condition survey no more than 5 years old.
- Operational assets will have a suitability survey no more than 5 years old.
- Current occupied/vacant space will be recorded for each property.
- All buildings will be categorised into one of the five portfolios listed on page 17.
- All Corporate Landlord service areas will be allocated a dedicated lead, to act as 'account manager' for all property related decisions and activities.
- Dedicated lead, to act as 'account manager' for all property related decisions and activities.



Repairs and Maintenance Strategy

The strategy will set in motion the need for a focused repairs and maintenance strategy which will set the direction through portfolio management to reduce the estate to provide a critical mass of land and property which meets the Council's strategic objectives but is affordable to maintain. Maintenance will become planned and proactive to ease the burden of expensive reactive maintenance. Investment and improvement will be targeted appropriately and measured to match the both the capital and revenue monies available across the next five years.

Condition Surveys and Condition Programme – This strategy will promote and engender visibility across a five year programme of condition surveys. The Council will become intelligence led in terms of financial deployment. The condition data will be coherent, transparent, accessible and dynamic to all areas to allow fast and effective decision making.

Coherent – consistent cost-effective survey programme providing compatible data with the Council's ICT property management system.

Transparent – data will be accurate and quality checked to ensure evidence based decisions can be taken when setting short and long term maintenance programmes.

Accessible – data will be available to all officers through the property management system.

Dynamic – collaboration through service based planning will ensure surveys are fit for purpose in the context of the building type and future plans.

Suitability Surveys – The strategy endorses a fundamental move back to recognise the importance of suitability assessment and data. Working cross directorate the data pool will be increased to provide robust intelligence. The intelligence will deliver meaningful and directional change in terms of matching against the property categories set out in page 15.

Planned Maintenance Programmes – This strategy recognises the tension between the financial budgetary pressure and planned maintenance. Through achieving a critical mass in terms of the quantum of the Council's estate this strategy endorses the fundamental importance of a Planned Maintenance programme.

This is sometimes referred to as planned and preventative maintenance or PPM, is the scheduled maintenance of an asset to prevent failure or deterioration and the key target in the corporate plan is to reduce any risks associated with health and safety or major failure leading to financial and reputational damage.

A rolling 5 year planned maintenance programme is developed using information gathered from condition and suitability surveys, fire risk and DDA assessments, service objectives, in accordance with the need/requirement set out by its categorisation and any determined required intervention. Extensive property data enables programmes of work can be developed that meet service needs, corporate objectives, and can address the highest priorities; programmes that are attractive to suppliers and ensure value for money in respect of packaging works (e.g. similar work types/locations to attract specific suppliers and/or take advantage of specific market conditions).

Any planned maintenance programme needs to take account of climate resilience issues, PPM should include maintenance programmes for sustainable technology including solar PV Arrays, heat pumps and battery based technology.

The planned maintenance programme is managed and monitored by Assets and Estates with support from Finance and PSG. The programme can be flexed to meet changing service priorities and corporate objectives, as well as external factors such as responding to the challenges of the climate emergency.

Reduce Reactive Maintenance – This strategy endorses an approach to reduce reactive maintenance by 20%, promoting greater economic maintenance activity and stabilising maintenance spend, so it is planned and cognisant with the identified budgets.



Measuring Success

The objective of the strategy is to create a framework through which effective property decisions are made, that enable effective service delivery both directly and through effective commercial decisions. Success of this strategy can be measured through the following:

Strategy level:		
KPI	Target	Capture and Assessment Method
S1. Approval from cabinet of AMS	5 year	Agreed by Cabinet
S2. Creation and performance monitor of Corporate Asset Management plan linked to AMS.	Annually	Reported to Cabinet annually
S3. Repairs and Maintenance Strategy	Annually	Reported to Cabinet annually
S3. Review of AMS against other key corporate strategies	Annually	Record of annual review updated Corporate Asset Management Plan. RAG assessment

Corporate level:		
KPI	Target	Capture and Assessment Method
C1. Review and refresh of Corporate Asset Management Delivery Plan	Quarterly review	Regular reviews shared and agreed delivery plan for each service area.
C2. To Generate and diversify revenue streams through effective property investment. Led by the Council's Commercial Strategy, Investment Strategy and Capital Strategy will generate new and durable income streams through the both the redevelopment or repurposing of its existing assets or the acquisition of new assets which will deliver a strong financial yield	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Performance monitored against the Commercial Strategy. Key performance indicators and measures. Reported in quarterly financial monitoring reports to cabinet
C3. In response to the Climate emergency Reduce our carbon footprint and promote sustainable development and asset management.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Monitored against the Council's Carbon Reduction Strategy. MEES Compliance.
C4. Generate receipts to support our capital programme as detailed in the Capital Strategy. Rationalise and reduce the estate to deliver receipts and support the Council's capital aspirations	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Monitored against the Council Capital Strategy Reported in quarterly financial monitoring reports to cabinet
C5. Demonstrate value for money and fitness for purpose annual suitability assessments. Council's assets will be suitable and sufficient to support the Council's functions and objectives.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	

Corporate level:		
KPI	Target	Capture and Assessment Method
C6. Through effective service asset management planning the Council will retain fit for purpose assets which strongly align to service delivery. Service Asset Management Plans will be in place for all directorates	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Monitored against directorate strategies
C7. Fit for purpose administration accommodation targeting a critical mass to ensure staff are supported through digital transformation and back office savings continue to be delivered driving efficiency. New administration model to be delivered by year five.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Monitored in conjunction with Workforce Transformation and Digital Transformation
C8. Reduce Shropshire Council's estate by a third and resultant reduction in revenue cost. Optimising the estate to reduce the burden of repairs and maintenance and reducing operating costs.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Monitored against property indicators – area and value analysis
C9. Maximise opportunities of working with the wider estate. Drive innovation across the public estate and creates the real opportunity for savings linked to new ways of working.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Delivered and monitored against the Shropshire and Telford and Wrekin Estate Partnership
C10. Empower communities to thrive. Promoting, releasing and working with communities to improve resilience and allowing the use of assets by the community to deliver change.	Quarterly review/KPI monitor	Key Performance indicators borne out of place planning process

Service/operational level:		
KPI	Target	Capture and Assessment Method
O1. % of Council service areas with a Service Asset Management Plan	100%	
O2. % of buildings with DDA audits	100% of buildings with public use	DDA audit and management plan
O3. % of buildings with FRAs	100%	FRA and action plan
O4. % of buildings with condition survey no older than 5 years	95% of corporate buildings	Commissioning process, Corporate Programme Building Review Board, TF
O5. % of buildings with suitability survey no older than 5 years	90% of corporate buildings	SAMPs, TF
O6. % of buildings with urgent and essential category work outstanding	1% of corporate buildings	Condition Surveys
O7. % of buildings with Energy Performance Rating below national target	10% of corporate buildings	EPC rating/MEES rating
O8. Reduction in EPC and DEC out-turns, reduction in utility and energy usage, reduction in the number of buildings in areas prone to extreme climate events.		
O9. % of commercial rent collected	90%	Corporate Landlord Financial monitoring
O10. Rent arrears as % of total rent roll	10%	Corporate Landlord Financial monitoring
O11. No of vacant commercial/industrial units as % of total portfolio	10%	Lease notices recorded TF
O12. Average time taken to lease a unit	90 Days	Estates tenant tracking on TF
O13. % Tenant Turnover Rate	10%	Estates tenant tracking on TF
O14. % of Asset Valuations completed by due date	95%	Estates Corporate Finance Team TF

Timeline strategy development and approval process

July 2019 Performance Management Scrutiny Committee –

Structure sign off.

November 2019 Performance Management Scrutiny Committee –

Draft Strategy.

February 2020 Asset Management Strategy approved by Cabinet.

March 2020 Repairs and Maintenance Strategy – Delivery Plan

prepared and approved in line with financial governance

and reporting deadlines.

April 2020 Corporate Asset Management Delivery Plan

prepared and approved.

Glossary

AMS Asset Management Strategy

CL Corporate Landlord

CIB Capital Investment Board

CSG Capital Steering Group

CIPFA The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accounting

CAT Community Right to Bid

DDA Disability Discrimination Act

FRA Fire Risk Assessment

KPI Key Performance Indicator

MEES Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards

PRINCE2 Projects IN Controlled Environments, a process-based

method for effective project management used

extensively by local government and well as the private

sector both nationally and internationally.

PSG Property Services Group – internal maintenance

and minor works provider

RICS Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors

SEPuBu Sustainable Energy in Public Buildings

SAMP Service Asset Management Plan

TF Technology Forge

Notes:

Shropshire Council **Asset Management Strategy**2020-2025

