Shropshire Health and Wellbeing Strategy refresh 2021-25

Forward

When the health and wellbeing strategy refresh was being planned in December 2019, COVID-19 was heard about, but we never imagined the impact this deadly virus would have on our lives and the future.

Every one of us has been affected by the pandemic in different ways. This may be through job insecurity, concerns for our own mental and physical health and that of our family and friends, juggling home schooling with working, bereavement, worrying about debt or fear of losing our home.

Reviewing the health and wellbeing strategy as we start to recover, is even more important than before. We have used findings from Shropshire Council's COVID-19 impact report which collected data and insight across health and care providers in Shropshire to find out where impact had been greatest. Mental Health - Anxiety and depression, increase in low income families, child poverty and food insecurity and financial difficulties have been shown as areas of concern. We have also looked at highly localised data to confirm areas of health need and are working with our partners to address these as we all begin to recover.

As we recover from the pandemic, COVID-19 has highlighted the importance the 'wider determinants of health' and will underpin this strategy and action arising from it. 'Wider determinants' or 'social determinants of health' are the things that affect our health and wellbeing and include having a job and income, living somewhere where we feel safe, having social contact with others and our lifestyle choices. We often associate good health as seeking medical help when we feel ill, however, The Health Foundation estimate that as little as 10% of our health and wellbeing is impacted by



Wider determinants of health Dahlgren G, Whitehead M (1993)

health care access. The Marmot review published in 2010, emphasises the strong and persistent link between social inequalities and disparities in health outcomes.

We hope you find this Strategy interesting and readable. We recognise that there may be terms and language used, which are familiar to those using them every day as part of their work. Wherever possible more straightforward language is used.



Rachel Robinson, Director of Public Health, Shropshire Council



Cllr Dean Carroll Chair, Shropshire Health & Wellbeing Board

1. Health and Wellbeing Board (HWBB) context and Strategy

Health and Wellbeing Strategy

This strategy sets out the long-term vision for Shropshire, identifies the immediate priority areas for action and how the Board intends to address these.

The strategy was developed through:

Consultation with Shropshire people and our stakeholders

A series of **structured workshops** pre and post COVID-19 with Shropshire HWBB, to discuss and agree priorities which meet the needs of Shropshire people. This included scrutiny of local health data including areas of health inequality and the needs of our vulnerable communities.

Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA)

Scrutiny of national and highly localised data which identifies areas of health need and is a collaborative approach across all health and care organisations (Local Authority/local NHS providers/Voluntary and Community Sector etc) also called 'Systems', to improve health in our communities.

COVID-19 impact report Shropshire Council's COVID-19 impact report has collected data and insight across health and care providers within Shropshire to find out where impact had been greatest and inform our priorities in the here and now.

Findings and recommendations from national reports including Build Back Fairer:

The COVID-19 Marmot Review and policy papers including the Government White paper Working together to improve health and social care for all

Shropshire's Public Health Annual Report (PHAR) which is published by the director of public health every year and includes necessary information for decision makers in local health services, authorities and communities on health gaps and priorities that need to be addressed.

Purpose of Health and Wellbeing Boards

Health and Wellbeing Boards are an important feature of the reforms brought about by the Health and Social Care Act 2012.

The Health and Wellbeing Board (HWBB) in Shropshire acts to ensure that key leaders from health, care, and the Voluntary and Community Sector work together to improve the health and wellbeing of Shropshire residents. Health and Wellbeing Board members collaborate to understand their local community's needs, agree priorities and work together to plan how best to deliver services.

Shropshire's Board meets six times a year on alternate months, and meeting dates can be found by following this link.

Health and Wellbeing Board Statutory Duties

Identify the priority health and wellbeing needs in our area through the **Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA)**undertaken by Public Health.

Develop a **Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy (JHWBS)** for our local population.

Lead on the integration of commissioning, service delivery and pooled budget arrangements, which includes the Better Care Fund (BCF)

Publish and keep up to date a statement of the needs for pharmaceutical services, referred to as the **Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA)** every 3 years.

2. Vision and Priorities for Shropshire - Overview

Our vision is: For Shropshire people to be the healthiest and most fulfilled in England Our priorities take two forms:

Strategic: These are the long-term aims and how we will achieve them.

Key focus: These are specific areas of health and being need in Shropshire which have been identified through careful analysis of data – the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA)

Our vision: For Shropshire people to be the healthiest and most fulfilled in England

Strategic priorities

Key focus

Joined up working

The local System (i.e. the organisations who provide or support health and care such as NHS/Council/Voluntary and Community Sector), will work together and have joint understanding of health being social and economic, not just absence of disease. Partnership Boards will work more closely together to reduce duplication and make the best use of the skills and knowledge of people within them, and to engage with people who use our services.

Working with and building strong and vibrant communities

Shropshire has a strong, vibrant community, many which have their own proud identity. We will work with our communities to increase access to social support and influence positive health behaviours. We will also pool information and resource to support people in our communities.

Improving population health

Using a population health approach, we will aim to improve the health of the entire Shropshire population. This will include action; to reduce the occurrence of ill health; to deliver appropriate health and care services; on the wider determinants of health; and primary prevention as well as support (secondary prevention) for those currently on long waiting lists for procedures.

Reduce inequalities

We will have a clear and focused approach to health inequalities, including targeted work, and help give everyone in Shropshire a fair chance to live their life well, no matter where they live. Medical treatment alone cannot tackle inequalities and the biggest impact on our health and wellbeing includes having a job and income, access to education, and a decent home to live in.

Workforce

During COVID many people have lost their job or had to take lower paid and less stable employment. We will work to make Shropshire workplaces fair, happy and healthy places for people to work in and promote wellbeing for all, no matter where they are employed.

Children and Young People (CYP)

COVID has had a huge impact on many families, and particular focus will be CYP mental health and wellbeing. In addition, plans to create a Trauma Informed workforce will be implemented. This will enable understanding of certain behaviours and help promote resilience for our young people.

Mental Health

The 5-year Mental Health Strategy for Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin will guide our ambitions over the next five years. This strategy has a 'life course' approach from pregnancy to childhood to older age.

Healthy weight and physical activity

Our ambition is to reduce levels of obesity in Shropshire across all ages. This priority will be linked to alcohol, smoking and mental health, through preventative work around Musculoskeletal (MSK) conditions, respiratory health, Cardio-Vascular Disease (CVD), and cancer risk. Food poverty work and understanding of obesity will be included.

3. What has changed since the last strategy?

The last strategy identified 3 priorities

Priority 1: Health Promotion and resilience (Preventing a health condition starting or becoming worse)

What has happened

Healthy Lives is the name of the prevention programme of the Health and Wellbeing Board. Partners across health, social care and the voluntary and community sector are working together proactively rather than in isolation, to reach Shropshire's residents before their health or condition develops or gets worse. Regular Programme reporting is provided to the HWBB.

Key achievements from the programme:

Social Prescribing (SP) SP is a collaboration between Primary Care Networks, Public Health and the Voluntary & Community Sector (VCSE). It supports people to take control of their health and wellbeing and improve their chances of preventing ill health. Many people visit their GP for difficulties which cannot be fixed by medicine or medicine alone. Social Prescribing referral provides people with the opportunity to talk 1 to 1 with a trained advisor and together they will come up with a plan to meet their need within their own community. Reasons for referral could be loneliness, low level mental health difficulties or wanting to become more physically active. Social Prescribing has been very successful in Shropshire and is now available in all our GP Practices. At January 2021, there were over 1100 referrals to date.

An independent university review of people using the service in 2018/19 found a reduction of 40% in GP appointments. Changes translated into improvement in weight, Body Mass Index, Cholesterol, blood pressure, levels of smoking and physical activity and high patient satisfaction – suitable times, venue and ability to discuss concerns with the Advisor.

Carers – see Priority 2.

Musco-Skeletal (MSK) and Falls Prevention There was huge interest and community demand for the 'Elevate' programme, which was delivered by Energize and funded through the improved Better Care Fund (iBCF). Almost 600 people attended and 73% of participants assessed at 20 weeks showed a reduction in falls risk.

Cancer recovery The Lingen Davies grant funded 'Get Active Feel Good' programme provides support to people living with and beyond cancer to improve their health and wellbeing through physical activity. It is open to GP referral and is a registered Social Prescribing intervention.

Food insecurity Working closely with our partners the Shropshire Food Poverty Alliance, £10,000 of surplus grant funding was identified, and agreed to be transferred to the Shropshire Food Poverty Alliance through the Healthy Lives Steering Group. This will be used as a means for the Alliance to implement their Action Plan.

Cardio-Vascular Disease (CVD) It is estimated that there are 10,014 people with undiagnosed Atrial Fibrillation (AF) in Shropshire. Devices are being used for opportunistic screening in 7 pharmacies and 3 GP practices to detect AF early, and thus reduce stroke risk. At least 200 people have been screened in a community venue, pharmacy, GP Practice and at a local health conference. Of these, 13 people have had an abnormal reading and referred on to their GP for further advice.

Mental Health A Shropshire, Telford & Wrekin Suicide Prevention Strategy is in place and was presented at the HWBB in July 2018. A 'Z' card 'Pick up the phone, you're not alone' has also been produced.

Priority 2: Promoting independence at home

What has happened

Shropshire Care Closer to Home This is Shropshire CCG's review and transformation programme which aims to better deliver preventative care and support, with services closer to home. It is underpinned by the principles of keeping people as well as possible, for as long as possible in their own home or community environment and minimising the need for a hospital admission. A successful pilot scheme started but is currently paused.

Admission Avoidance Team Shrewsbury This service has helped to provide preventative care and support to people where an A & E Department visit, or hospital admission can be avoided. An integrated health and social care team (FIT) work together to ensure anyone aged 75 and over who arrives via the A&E department is assessed quickly for frailty, treated or stabilised, and discharged or transferred safely back to their own homes or to another appropriate place of care based on their individual needs. This helps to ensure that people are in the best environment for them and their care needs, helping to make a better and quicker recovery, and avoiding an unnecessary admission into hospital.

Carers In the 2011 Census 34,260 people in Shropshire identified themselves as carers. Caring can be rewarding but also stressful without support. Carers were an area of focus for 2016-21. A new All-Age Carers Strategy written in collaboration with carers, commissioners and service providers was produced. The 5 key priorities were; Carers are: listened to, valued and respected, enabled to have time for themselves, can access timely, up to date information, enabled to plan for the future and able to fulfil their educational, training and employment potential. Examples of work include: Two carers in a car service (night-time assistance), closer working with Telford and Wrekin – joint carer workshops and a young carers leaflet. A review of strategy progress took place in June 2019, and actions have been agreed to proceed with these.

Priority 3: Promoting easy to access and joined up care

What has happened

Services are beginning to work more closely together, with examples such as the Frailty Intervention Team (FIT) and hospital admission avoidance.

Services across the area are beginning to align, so that social care, selfhelp support services and health services are located closer to people's homes.

Integrated Care System Boards will arise from the recent Government white paper Working together to improve health and social care for all and localised partnership Boards including the HWBB and Shropshire Integrated Place Partnership (SHIPP) will influence and drive easier access to joined up care for people.

There is still more to be done however, and this is key not only making people's access to services easier, but also easier for people to understand how they work and to navigate.

COVID-19 – working together

The emergency situation of the COVID-19 pandemic demonstrated how well the system (health, social care, businesses, VCS, Police etc.) could work together and respond to protect the health of the Shropshire population. This included system 'Gold' and 'Silver' command daily meetings, daily Situation Reporting and joint task and finish groups including communications, testing and tracing and care sector.

4. COVID-19 impact

Effect and impact of COVID-19

The COVID -19 pandemic has had a considerable impact on people experiencing health inequalities, and many people in Shropshire have felt the effect of poorer mental health, financial worries, and food and employment insecurity for the first time. Build Back Fairer: The COVID-19 Marmot Review highlights the impact of anticipated increases in poverty for children, young people and adults of working age, food insecurity, poorer mental health in children and young people, the unequal impact of the pandemic on Black and Minority Ethnic (BAME) populations, rising unemployment and low wages leading to worse health and wider inequalities.

This broadly reflects local findings. From February 2021, Shropshire Council has been gathering information on the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. This report looks broadly at the impacts that have, and may be experienced, and the impact on individuals, households and local service providers. The type of impact and risk has been estimated based on data and provider evidence. Highlights of the findings are shown below. This tells us that this HWB strategy refresh must reflect these findings.

Mental Health -Anxiety and depression

Risk: High

National data is showing that people's mental health is suffering following the pandemic, and this applies to all ages.

The Healthwatch Shropshire May 2020 survey of 568 people 64% reported a slight or significant impact on mental health (of the 64% total, 13% indicated a 'significant' impact).

Interim results from the Shropshire Schools Nutrition and Wellbeing Survey carried out October to December 2020 highlighted that approximately 21% of children had concerns over wellbeing. SATH report mental health attendances at A&E and concern for younger adults and children.

Increase in low income families, child poverty and food insecurity.

Risk: High

Shropshire has seen an upward trend in both primary and secondary school children claiming free school meals since 2018. The 2020 data saw Shropshire ranked 32 nationally with the percentage of pupils compared to the previous year increasing by 1.90% for primary and 2.20% for secondary. Source: Local authority interactive tool (LAIT)

Trussell Trust food banks in Shropshire saw an increase of 72% from 2,935 parcels distributed 1 April to 30 September 2019 compared to 5,039 in the same period 2020.

Shropshire Food Poverty Alliance has reported the same significant increases in demand across Shropshire's independent foodbanks and projects. New food schemes were established in many communities as a response to the project.

Source: https://www.shropshirefoodpoverty.org.uk/

Financial

Risk: High

ONS data: December provisional data saw an increase of more than 10,000 Universal Credit claimants in Shropshire since March. December provisional data saw an increase of 4,495 total claimants (+112%) since March for those who are not in work and claiming out of work benefits including Universal Credit and Job Seekers Allowance.

5. The Health picture in Shropshire

Over the last ten years, the life expectancy of people living in Shropshire has continued to increase. However, despite significant improvements, large health inequalities still exist.

<u>PHE Fingertips data</u> (2020) provides a snapshot of which health outcomes Shropshire was doing better and worse for, compared to England and helps form our priorities.

Better in Shropshire than England	Worse in Shropshire than England		
Male life expectancy at birth	Smoking in early pregnancy		
Violent crime – hospital admission rates for violence including sexual violence (all ages)	The percentage of adults who are overweight and obese Amber 64.6%		
Prevalence of obesity in year 6 children	Obesity in early pregnancy		
Mortality rate from cancer (under 75 yrs)	Child development 2.5 years		
New STI diagnoses rate 15-64 years (excluding chlamydia aged <25)	The number killed and seriously injured on our roads		
Under 75's Mortality rate from all cardiovascular diseases	Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate for people aged 17+		
Breastfeeding initiation	Statutory homelessness rate – eligible homeless people not in priority need		
Under 75's Mortality rate from all causes	Excess under 75's mortality rate adults with severe mental illness		
Teenage Pregnancy Under 18's conception rate	Age 16-25 Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)		
% of children achieving at least the expected level in communication and language skills at the end of reception.	Successful alcohol treatment		

Inequalities

It is important to consider inequalities when looking at 'better than' or 'worse than' data. Although this provides an important measure, it can hide inequalities that exist within specific communities.

For example, life expectancy is 5.4 years lower for men and 2.1 years lower for women in the most deprived areas of Shropshire than in the least deprived areas. Addressing inequalities will underpin this strategy so our more vulnerable population have a fairer chance to access to vaccinations, mental health support and other health and care services.

6. Strategic priorities

To make a difference to the lives of Shropshire people and reach our vision; For Shropshire people to be the healthiest and most fulfilled in England, we need to consider our strategic priorities. These are the long-term aims and how we will achieve them.

Strategic Priority

Joined up working

The local System will work together and have joint understanding of health being social and economic, not just absence of disease. Partnership Boards will work more closely together to reduce duplication and make the best use of the skills and knowledge of people within them, and to engage with people who use our services.

Improving population health

Using a population health approach, we will aim to improve the health of the entire Shropshire population. This will include action; to reduce the occurrence of ill health; to deliver appropriate health and care services; on the wider determinants of health; and primary prevention as well as support (secondary prevention) for those currently on long waiting lists for procedures.

Working with and building strong and vibrant communities

Shropshire has a strong, vibrant community, many which have their own proud identity. We will work with our communities to increase access to social support and influence positive health behaviours. We will also pool information and resource to support people in our communities.

Reduce inequalities

We will have a clear and focused approach to health inequalities, including targeted work, and help give everyone in Shropshire a fair chance to live their life well, no matter where they live. Medical treatment alone cannot tackle inequalities and the biggest impact on our health and wellbeing includes having a job and income, access to education, and a decent home to live in.

Enablers - What will help us achieve our priorities

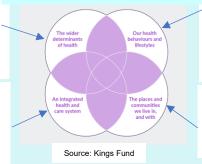
Wider determinants of health are the most important driver of health and wellbeing across the life course. This includes; having a job, access to education and a decent home to live in.

This is key to prevent 'silo' working and bring together health, local authorities and partners, to address the health, social care, and public health needs at a system level.

'Place based' approach in Shropshire

Many factors cause inequalities to thrive such as; Wider determinants of health (e.g. employment/ housing) Psycho-social factors (e.g. social support/ self-esteem) and Health behaviours (smoking/alcohol) and physiological impacts (e.g. anxiety/depression). These underpin our ability to be healthy and are circumstances that play out at a local level - or place. Treatment alone cannot tackle health inequalities, so it is vital that local systems (Local Authority/local NHS providers/Voluntary and Community Sector etc.) work together using strong leadership, joint planning, ambition and scale, to tackle the complex web which leads to health inequalities, across the life course. A placed based approach is being adopted by the Local Authority and Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin ICS.

Population Health Approach



The 2nd most important drivers of health, and form health outcomes. These behaviours and lifestyles include; how much alcohol we consume, smoking, how much exercise we do and what we eat.

Feeling part of a community plays a key role in health including social support and influencing positive health behaviours.

Health in All Policies (HiAP)

These embed prevention and wellbeing in all the policies that impact on our residents including, food, housing standard, health and safety, air quality, pollution and environment. This approach is important because it supports populations in living better quality lives, and for longer. This in turn supports the delivery of local priorities, including economic priorities and development of local services.

Whole Systems Approach (WSA)

A WSA is when the local system works together to recognise the complexities of a health challenge, gain joint understanding of the causes, challenges, opportunities, interconnected issues and solutions and agree collective action to bring about sustainable and long-term change.

Engaging with our communities
Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS) as a core
element of our system

Key areas of focus Key focus: These are specific areas of health and being need in Shropshire which have been 7. identified through careful analysis of data – the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA)

Key area of focus

Evidence of need in Shropshire

What will enable this?

Across all sectors (Health, Local Authority, Business,

VCS) senior leadership commitment, embedment in

policies and training plans to enable:

Workforce

During COVID many people have lost their iob or had to take lower paid and less stable employment. We will work to make Shropshire workplaces fair, happy and healthy places for people to work in and promote wellbeing for all, no matter where they are employed.

COVID-19 has had a measured impact on mental health and general wellbeing. Rates of in-work poverty have increased and Shropshire is a low wage economy.

Adoption of 'Thrive at Work' West Midlands across all sectors. A workplace commitment that promotes employee health and wellbeing.

Make Every Contact Count (MECC) training to build an informed workforce on preventative health

Mental Health

The 5-year Mental Health Strategy for Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin will guide our ambitions over the next five years. This strategy has a 'life course' approach from pregnancy to childhood to older age.

The Healthwatch Shropshire May 2020 survey of 568 people 64% reported a slight or significant impact on mental health.

There are an estimated 4.000 children with a mental health disorder in Shropshire.

Data is showing excess under 75's mortality rate adults with severe mental illness. This is a concern for Shropshire.

The 5-year Mental Health Strategy for Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin will guide our ambitions over the next five years. This strategy has a 'life course' approach from pregnancy to childhood to older age.

Social Prescribing will remain a HWBB priority, and a pilot to expand the programme for children and young people in south-west Shropshire is currently being developed.

Children and Young People (CYP)

COVID has had a huge impact on many families, and particular focus will be CYP mental health and wellbeing. In addition, plans to create a Trauma Informed workforce will be implemented. This will enable understanding of certain behaviours and help promote resilience for our young people.

HOW DOES IT IMPACT THE LIVES OF YOUNG PEOPLE?

Nationally and locally, there is growing concern regarding eating disorders in young people along with self-reported suicidal thoughts and self-harm.

As a system, create a trauma informed workforce through training and implementation. This will help professionals, volunteers and communities better identify and support people who have suffered from trauma and build a trauma informed workforce. We will continue to receive and scrutinise reports to the Board for the 0-25 Emotional Health and Wellbeing service provision for CYP. Mental Health work will be led by the 5-year strategy above.

Healthy weight and physical activity

Our ambition is to reduce levels of obesity in Shropshire across all ages. This priority will be linked to alcohol, smoking and mental health, through preventative work around Musculoskeletal (MSK) conditions, respiratory health, Cardio-Vascular Disease (CVD), and cancer risk; food poverty and reasons around obesity will all be included.

64.6% of adults in Shropshire are classed as overweight or obese. Health risks associated with excess weight include: type 2 diabetes; coronary heart disease; some types of cancer, such as breast cancer and bowel cancer, stroke and self-esteem.

A Shropshire Healthy Weight Strategy is currently in development and will inform actions for this priority. This will also include the effect of food insecurity and build on work being undertaken currently into the causes and links to the CYP priority above. Promotion of e.g. NHS on line 12-week weight loss plan, Couch to 5k running plan and referral to and uptake of NHS Health Check, National Diabetes Prevention Programme and Social Prescribing development will continue.

8. Other identified Priorities

Social Prescribing

Social Prescribing will remain a HWBB priority, and a pilot to expand the programme for children and young people in south-west Shropshire has commenced.

Alcohol

An estimated 35,319 adults in Shropshire aged 18-65 drink more than the Chief Medical Officer's guidelines of 14 units per week. Children affected by parental alcohol misuse are more likely to have physical, psychological and behavioural problems, and alcohol is the 3rd leading risk factor for death and disability after smoking and obesity. PHE data for KSI on roads shows alcohol related collisions in Shropshire are significantly higher than the rest of England and the West Midlands.

Domestic Abuse

Domestic abuse affects all communities regardless of gender, age, race, religion, sexuality, disability, mental health, social and financial status. Domestic abuse is coercive, controlling, abusive and violent behaviour. Such violence can also be directed towards children, other family members or friends of the victim. Some 30,475 women in Shropshire will experience domestic abuse during their lifetime

County Lines

County lines is a term used to describe gangs and organised criminal networks involved in exporting illegal drugs into one or more importing areas within the UK, using dedicated mobile phone lines or other form of "deal line". They are likely to exploit children and adults (including those with care and support needs) to move, [locally supply] and store the drugs and money. They will often use coercion, intimidation, violence (including sexual violence) and weapons. Shropshire Safeguarding Partnership report annually to the HWBB.

Smoking in pregnancy

Babies born to mothers who smoke are more likely to suffer from respiratory disease as well as being at greater risk of sudden infant death. For mothers there is an increased risk of miscarriage, stillbirth, premature delivery and having a low birth weight baby.

Rates of smoking in early pregnancy remain higher in Shropshire compared to the England average. The HWBB will continue to have smoking in pregnancy as a priority until rates decrease further.

Food insecurity

Food insecurity has a physical and mental impact on the wellbeing of everyone experiencing it. Food insecurity remains a HWBB priority, and the developing Healthy Weight Strategy and our partnership with Shropshire Food Poverty Alliance to help address this issue will continue.

Suicide Prevention

Shropshire and Telford & Wrekin Suicide Prevention Network have launched a wallet sized Z-Card providing brief advice for anyone contemplating suicide or who is worried about someone else, along with primary contact numbers for immediate support. A targeted approach to upskill the workforce on suicide risk and awareness of how to intervene has been taken with the launch of a Suicide Prevention training programme in Shropshire.

Killed and Seriously Injured (KSI) on roads

More accidents occur on rural roads compared to urban roads in Shropshire and there are a similar proportion of traffic accidents on both urban roads and rural roads with a 30mph limit. Although COVID-19 has reduced traffic on Shropshire roads and thus those KSI, the risks will increase as the pandemic declines. Thus, KSI on roads will remain a HWBB priority.

Air Quality

Shropshire Council's 2020 Air Quality Annual Status Report (ASR) report that

Air pollution is associated with a number of adverse health impacts. It is recognised as a contributing factor in the onset of heart disease and cancer. Additionally, air pollution particularly affects the most vulnerable in society: children and older people, and those with heart and lung conditions. There is also often a strong correlation with equalities issues, because areas with poor air quality are also often the less affluent areas.

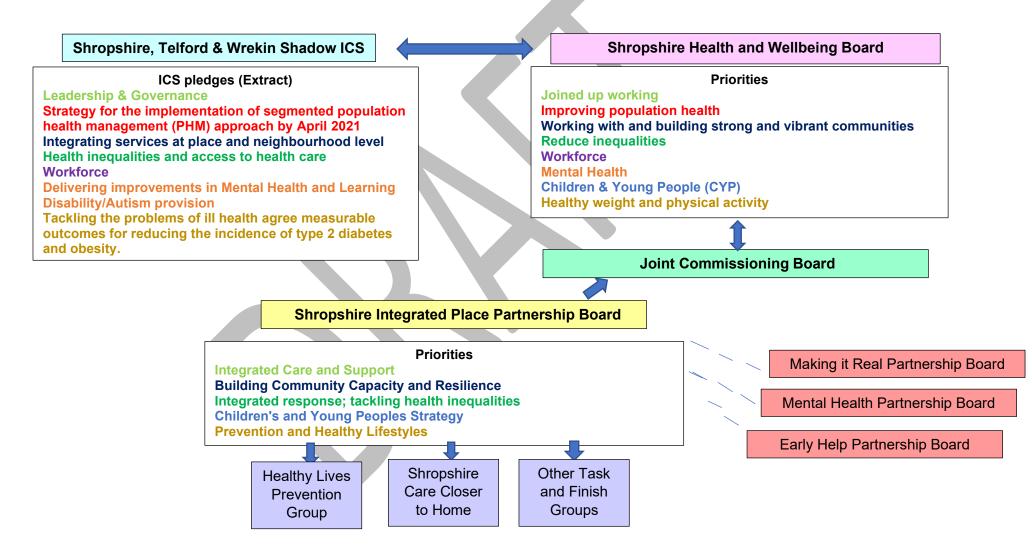
9. Measures of success

These key outcome measures from the <u>Public Health Outcomes Framework (PHOF)</u>. Will be the benchmark for the success of this strategy, and are detailed below. The JSNA and Inequalities are reported on at each HWBB meeting, and the strategic priorities of Joined up working, Improving population health, Working with and building strong and vibrant communities and Reduce inequalities will underpin all we do to improve the health and wellbeing of Shropshire people. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in Shropshire will also be used as an important source of local population data.

Priority name	Key indicator description and rating		Shropshire	England
Workforce	Average weekly earnings		£421.60 (2020)	£474.4
	B05 16-17 year olds not in education employment or training (NEET) whose activity is not known		7.2% (2019)	5.5%
Mental Health	E09b Excess under 75 mortality rate in adults with Severe Mental Illness (SMI)		425.6% (2015-17)	355.1%
	School pupils with social, emotional and mental health needs, % of pupils with social, emotional and mental health needs		2.12% (2020) getting worse	2.70%
Children and Young People	C08a Child development. % achieving a good level of development at 2 - 2 1/2 years		65% (2019/20)	83.3%
	C03b Child development. % achieving the expected level in communication skills at 2 - 2 1/2 years		78.2% (2019/20)	88.9 %
	C03c Child development. % achieving the expected level in personal-social skills at 2 - 2 1/2 years		84% (2019/20)	92.9 %
	Children in Care	0	66/10,1000 1 (2020)	67 per 10,000
Healthy weight and physical activity	C16 The percentage of adults who are overweight and obese	0	64.6% (2019/20)	62.8%
	C03a Obesity in early pregnancy		24.1% (2018/19)	22.1%
	C22 Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate for people aged 17+		71.4% (2018)	78%
	C03c Smoking in early pregnancy		14.2% (2018/19)	12.8%

10. How the priorities link to other Boards and Governance Structure

This diagram illustrates how different Board priorities cross over, and why our strategic priority 'Joined up working' matters.



For further information about Shropshire's Health and Wellbeing Board please visit https://shropshire.gov.uk/public-health/health-and-wellbeing-board/

If you would like this information in a different format, please contact 0345 678 9000.

